

FACULTY OF ARTS & SOCIAL SCIENCES SYLLABUS FOR THE

SUBJECT : Drug Abuse : Problem, Management And Prevention (Compulsory Paper) (VALUE ADDED COURSE)

Bachelor of Arts /Bachelor of Science
(Under NEP-2020)
(Credit Based Grading System)
(Batch 2024-27)

The Degree Programme Offered under 4 Years U.G. Programme :

- Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Science (3 Year Duration)



GURU NANAK DEV UNIVERSITY AMRITSAR

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(ii) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time.

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Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Science
Drug Abuse : Problem, Management And Prevention (CBGS)
(Under NEP 2020) (Batch 2024-27) (Semester-I)
(Faculty of Arts & Social Sciences)

SCHEME

DRUG ABUSE : PROBLEM, MANAGEMENT AND PREVENTION

(COMPULSORY PAPER)

(VALUE ADDED COURSE)

SEMESTER - I

Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Total Credits	Marks
1.		DRUG ABUSE : PROBLEM, MANAGEMENT AND PREVENTION (COMPULSORY PAPER) (VALUE ADDED COURSE)	2	0	0	2	50

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SEMESTER-I

DRUG ABUSE: PROBLEM, MANAGEMENT AND PREVENTION

(COMPULSORY PAPER)

Time: 3 hours

Credits : 2-0-0
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

Section – A

Meaning of Drug Abuse:

- 1) Meaning, Nature and Extent of Drug Abuse in India and Punjab.
- 2) Consequences of Drug Abuse for:
Individual : Education, Employment, Income.
Family : Violence.
Society : Crime.
Nation : Law and Order problem.

Section – B

Management of Drug Abuse:

- (i) Medical Management: Medication for treatment and to reduce withdrawal effects.
- (ii) Psychiatric Management: Counselling, Behavioural and Cognitive therapy.
- (iii) Social Management: Family, Group therapy and Environmental Intervention, Rehabilitation.

Section – C

Prevention of Drug abuse:

- (i) Role of family: Parent child relationship, Family support, Supervision, Shaping values, Active Scrutiny.
- (ii) School: Counselling, Teacher as role-model. Parent-teacher-Health Professional Coordination, Random testing on students.

Section – D

Controlling Drug Abuse:

- (i) Media: Restraint on advertisements of drugs, advertisements on bad effects of drugs, Publicity and media, Campaigns against drug abuse, Educational and awareness program

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- (ii) Legislation: NDPs act, Statutory warnings, Policing of Borders, Checking Supply/Smuggling of Drugs, Strict enforcement of laws, Time bound trials.

References:

1. Ahuja, Ram (2003), *Social Problems in India*, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
2. Extent, Pattern and Trend of Drug Use in India, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India, 2004.
3. Inciardi, J.A. 1981. *The Drug Crime Connection*. Beverly Hills: Sage Publications.
4. Kapoor. T. (1985) *Drug epidemic among Indian Youth*, New Delhi: Mittal Pub.
5. Kessel, Neil and Henry Walton. 1982, *Alcoholism. Harmond Worth*: Penguin Books.
6. Modi, Ishwar and Modi, Shalini (1997) *Drugs: Addiction and Prevention*, Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
7. National Household Survey of Alcohol and Drug abuse. (2003) New Delhi, Clinical Epidemiological Unit, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, 2004.
8. Ross Coomber and Others. 2013, *Key Concept in Drugs and Society*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
9. Sain, Bhim 1991, *Drug Addiction Alcoholism, Smoking obscenity* New Delhi: Mittal Publications.
10. Sandhu, Ranvinder Singh, 2009, *Drug Addiction in Punjab: A Sociological Study*. Amritsar: Guru Nanak Dev University.
11. Singh, Chandra Paul 2000. *Alcohol and Dependence among Industrial Workers*: Delhi: Shipra.
12. Sussman, S and Ames, S.L. (2008). *Drug Abuse: Concepts, Prevention and Cessation*, Cambridge University Press.
13. Verma, P.S. 2017, “*Punjab’s Drug Problem: Contours and Characteristics*”, Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. LII, No. 3, P.P. 40-43.
14. World Drug Report 2016, United Nations office of Drug and Crime.
15. World Drug Report 2017, United Nations office of Drug and Crime.